ISSN 1198-6727

Back to the Future: Advances in Methodology for Modelling and Evaluating Past Ecosystems as Future Policy Goals

> Fisheries Centre Research Reports 2004 Volume 12 Number 1



2004 Volume 12 Number 1

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Fisheries Centre, University of British Columbia, Canada

BACK TO THE FUTURE: ADVANCES IN METHODOLOGY FOR MODELLING AND EVALUATING PAST ECOSYSTEMS AS FUTURE POLICY GOALS

Edited by

Tony J. Pitcher

Sponsored by Coasts Under Stress

Fisheries Centre Research Reports 12(1) 158 pages © published 2004 by

The Fisheries Centre, University of British Columbia 2259 Lower Mall Vancouver, B.C., Canada, V6T 1Z4

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A Research Report from Back to the Future: the Restoration of Past Ecosystems as Policy Goals for Fisheries'



Supported by the Coasts Under Stress 'Arm 2' Project A Major Collaborative Research Initiative of the Canadian Government

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FISHERIES CENTRE RESEARCH REPORTS ARE ABSTRACTED IN THE FAO AQUATIC SCIENCES AND FISHERIES ABSTRACTS (ASFA) ISSN 1198-6727

Director's Foreword

Big Catch for Humans

The fishers were not catching much when Jesus, sitting in one of the boats, encouraged Peter to cast the nets again in deeper water. Such a large amount of fish was caught that both boats began to disciples sink. The were astonished, but Jesus said to Peter "Do not fear, from now on you will be catching men."1 Some might hold that this 'parable of the draught of fishes' is an early example of overfishing. There is a catch, so to speak, in sinking the darn boat, not to say in depleting all those Galilean fishes. But in fact, the parable means that if you fish in the right place with the right gear and information (divine in this case), your catch may you. And indeed, surprise Christianity, a really bright and shiny new idea at the time, ended up with an unexpectedly large catch of humans. (Yes, yes, there was a catch - a lot went very wrong later on!)

Back-to-the-Future (BTF), an integrative approach to restoration ecology of the oceans, is today another bright and shiny new idea, needing more supporters, that attempts to overcome the catch of overfishing. BTF uses past

ecosystems as policy goals for the future. It harnesses an understanding of ecosystem processes and whole ecosystem simulation to insight into the human dimension of fisheries management. It includes new methods, reported in substance here, for quantitative descriptions of past ecosystems, for designing fisheries that meet criteria for sustainability and responsibility, and to evaluate the costs and benefits of fisheries in restored ecosystems. Alternative policy choices involve trade-offs between conservation different and economic value. Automated searches maximise values of objective functions, and the methodology includes analyses of model parameter uncertainty. Participatory workshops attempt to maximise compliance by fostering a sense of ownership among all stakeholders. Some challenges that have still be met include improving methods for quantitatively describing the past, reducing uncertainty in ecosystem simulation techniques and making policy choices robust against climate change. Critical issues discussed here include whether past ecosystems make viable policy goals, and whether desirable goals may be reached from today's ecosystem.



The *Draught of Fishes*, painted in 1515 by Raphaello Sanzio (1483-1520). Towards the end of his short life, Raphael moved briefly but spectacularly to Rome, where he initially helped to redecorate apartments vacated by the unsavory and detested Borgia Pope (Alexander 6th). Ten full-size cartoons were commissioned from Raphaello by the urbane Medici Pope, Leo 10th, as designs for tapestries to hang in the Sistine chapel. The subsequent tapestries by Pieter van Aelst in Brussels (1519) were revolutionary in their use of light and shade, and can be seen today in the Vatican Museum. Note that the Vatican is visible on the lake shore, transposed by virtue of our painter's benefactor to the shores of the Sea of Galilee in biblical times. Cranes in the foreground symbolize vigilance, while seagulls allude to the apostasy of the former regime.

Victoria & Albert Museum, London, tempura on canvas, 399 x 440cm.

This report, covering new and adapted methodology devised to support Back-to-the-Future analyses and policy procedures, has been rather a long time in the making. This foreword has been in draft for over a year, and, in the event, turns out to be the last Director's foreword (of 40 since 1993) that I have written for *Fisheries Centre Research Reports*.

The Fisheries Centre Research Reports series publishes results of research work carried out, or workshops held, at the UBC Fisheries Centre. The series focusses on multidisciplinary problems in fisheries management, and aims to provide a synoptic overview of the foundations, themes and prospects of current research. *Fisheries Centre Research Reports* are distributed to appropriate workshop participants or project partners, and are recorded in the Aquatic Sciences and Fisheries Abstracts. A full list appears on the Fisheries Centre's Web site, www.fisheries.ubc.ca. Copies of the reports are sent to meeting participants, and all papers are available for free download from our web site as PDF files. Paper copies of reports are available on request for a modest cost-recovery charge.

¹ Bible, Luke 5: 1-11.